

Orchestra NovAria Filharmonia Adolf Gassol, musical conductor

Performers

Josep Abril, costume designer
Allegra Abril, assistant costume designer
Álvaro Duran, stage director
Mar Lorca, assistant stage director
Laura Barbieri, subtitles translation
Laura Planas, subtitles production
Imesde, lightning
Ana Maria Cortés, characterization
Ben aisit, production and communication

Cast

Alberto Cazes, Consul Sharpless

Jose Cabrero, Goro

Marta Finestres, choir conductor

Sergi Giras, stage management

Núria Serra, choreography

Courtesy of:

With the support of:

Generalitat de Catalunya

www.subtitols.novaria.cat

English subtitles:

Vicenç Esteve, B.F Pinkerton Sophie Burns, Suzuki

Christian Vallester, Uncle Bonzo
Alejandro Chelet, Imperial Commissioner
Carme Gutiérrez, Kate Pinkerton
Six dancers, ancestor's soules

Chorus NovAria:

Sopranos: Eva Ribas, Carme
Tenors: Pablo Lafranchi, Albert
Gutiérrez, Alexia Vázquez, Ayelén
Valero, Edgard Arocena

Katerina Estrada Tretyakova, Madama Butterfly

Ballet NovAria: Núria Serra Anna Navarro

Orchestra NovAria Filharmonia:

Seras, Juhee Nam, Natalyia Tyurina,

Mezzosopranos: Pamela Guidi, Marta

Finestres, Sara B. García, Nadia V.

Chelet, Ferran Jiménez, Víctor Alonso

Bass: Rodrigo Aguilar, Alejandro

Júlia Trias

Ilaria Zasa

2nd Violins:

Elisenda Prats

Jordi Nabona

Gratitudes:

Program

Júlia Jiménez

Ruseva, Edith López

1st Violins:
Edurne Vila, Concertino
Eduard Estol
Joan Bosch
Nausica Berni

Laura Rodriguez Buendia

Meritxell Tiana
Aloma Ruiz

Violas:

Joan Ignasi Ferrer, solista
Arabela Fernández

Maria Ruano, solista

Madama Butterfly, by Giacomo Puccini Staged opera in two acts

Laura Planas, honorary president

Winds and percussion:
Flute 1 Iulian Gogu
Flute 2 Joan Pons
Flute 3 Núria Monzonis
Oboe Roberto Ordax

Horn Berta Gasull

Clarinet 1 Núria Querol

Clarinet 2 Francesc Puig

Bassoon 1 Laura Guastevi

Cellos:

Esther Vila, solista

Dimitri Dolganov

Olga Mensenin

Double basses:

Mònica Serra

Oriol Casadevall

Bassoon 2 Antonio Abad
Trumpet 1 Susana Marco
Trumpet 2 Héctor Molina
Trompa 1 Joan Camps
Trompa 2 Gerard Comellas
Trombone 1 David Calvet
Trombone 2 Miquel R. Berenguer
Percussion 1 Daniel Palou
Percussion 2 Xandri Montasell
Harp Arnau Roura

like this early 20th's century masterpiece (1904). Based on the theatrical drama by David Belasco, its marvelous orchestration and melodic inspiration, truthful and at the same time exotic and extremely passionate, becomes one of the most tragic and at the same time

penetrating and emotional stories of all time. Two-hour staged version with a 15-minute intermission. Symphony orchestra integrated into the show, solo singers, choir, ballet, period costumes, lighting and unique technical set-up. More than 70 artists on stage!

ACT I:

In 1904, Benjamin Franklin Pinkerton, an American naval officer, bought a house on a hill overlooking the city and harbor of Nagasaki (Japan) for himself and his future wife, the young Cio-Cio San. It is, however, a marriage that has been arranged by the matchmaker Goro through a Japanese law that allows the man to renounce women whenever they want. For Pinkerton it is an adventure outside his country: his true intention is to divorce the young Japanese woman once he finds a suitable American wife. However, for Cio-Cio San this is a lifelong commitment. So much so that, before the marriage, he secretly converts to Christianity.

The wedding is about to be celebrated in the house with the bride's

advises him to be careful not to hurt her. Cio-Cio San's uncle, the

the guests to leave. The young woman, whom Pinkerton will call

heartbroken by the rejection of her family but at the same time feels

happy and ecstatic and marries Pinkerton and they have their first

passionate night of love ("Vogliatemi bene").

ACT II:

friends and guests, American Consul Sharpless and the official registrar.

Sharpless warns Pinkerton of the young woman's passionate feelings and

Buddhist monk Bonzo, who has discovered his niece's conversion, shows

up at the ceremony to curse and repudiate the young woman and order

Butterfly, has given up everything she had to become his wife. Now she is

Madama Butterfly by Giacomo Puccini is one of the most acclaimed

and frequently performed operas around the world. Not many operas

from the usual repertoire take the breath away and move the audience

Three years have passed since Pinkerton left to return to his country. Butterfly lives alone in the house on the hill with her maid Suzuki and the son born after the departure of his father, who knows nothing about the child. Suzuki tries to convince Butterfly that he won't come back, but she doesn't listen to her and always remains faithful waiting for her husband's return with hope ("Un bel dí vedremo"). Before he left, Pinkerton left a substantial sum of money which has allowed Butterfly to live comfortably, but now the money is running out. Goro, the matchmaker who arranged the marriage with Pinkerton, keeps trying to remarry her, but Butterfly doesn't listen to him either, despite the extreme poverty she goes through.

Sharpless, the American consul, arrives at the house accompanied by Goro and informs Butterfly that he has received a letter from Pinkerton announcing his return. Butterfly's overflowing joy at hearing the news prevents Sharpless from telling her the real reason for his return.

Sharpless tries to read her the rest of the letter and make her see that it is

possible that her husband comes with intentions of not staying and asks

her what she would do if Pinkerton didn't come home. Butterfly replies

again or taking her own life, but she is convinced that he will change his

mind when he sees his son. The alarmed consul, who was unaware of the

facts, promises to inform Pinkerton of the matter and at the same time

tries to persuade the girl to marry the rich Yamadori. She orders him to

withdraw, but the diplomat remains in the house and sees how Butterfly,

despondent, takes the child in her arms and sings her painful aria "Che tua

that in that case she would have to choose between becoming a geisha

mare dovrá". The port cannon sounds announcing the arrival of Pinkerton's frigate in port. Butterfly runs to look through the window towards the ocean with long-sighted glasses and, seeing the flag of the American ship, asks Suzuki to decorate the whole house with flowers. Expectants, Suzuki, Dolore and Butterfly await the arrival of Pinkerton. A long wait begins. **ACT III:** The day begins to lighten. Upon learning of the child's existence, Sharpless, Pinkerton and Kate, his new wife, arrive at the house ready to take the child to be raised in the United States. When Pinkerton sees how Butterfly has decorated the house, he realizes that he has made a big mistake and, in a panic, he feels unable to cope with the situation. Butterfly, startled but maintaining her dignity, agrees to hand over the boy if Pinkerton comes looking for him in person. Sharpless goes out to look for Pinkerton while Butterfly says goodbye to her son ("You, you piccolo iddio"). Then she walks to her room and stabs herself with the knife his father used to commit suicide. As she crawls agonizingly over to the boy

to kiss him one last time, Pinkerton and Sharpless arrive. Butterfly

17/01/2026 - Madama Butterfly 22/01/2026 - La Traviata

14/12/2025 - Carmen

Upcoming events

22/02/2026 - Tosca 21/03/2026 - Carmen

21/03/2026 - Carmen25/05/2026 - Madama Butterfly

reaches out her arm to the child and dies.

20/06/2026 - Madama Butterfly

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